



Dow Jones Reprints: This copy is for your personal, non-commercial use only. To order presentation-ready copies for distribution to your colleagues, clients or customers, use the Order Reprints tool at the bottom of any article or visit [www.djreprints.com](http://www.djreprints.com)

See a sample reprint in PDF format. Order a reprint of this article now

**THE WALL STREET JOURNAL.**  
WSJ.com

May 30, 2012, 10:49 a.m. ET  
FUNDAMENTALS OF INVESTING

## A Written Plan Can Help Your Portfolio

*Foundations and other big investors have investment-policy statements. Some pros say you should, too.*

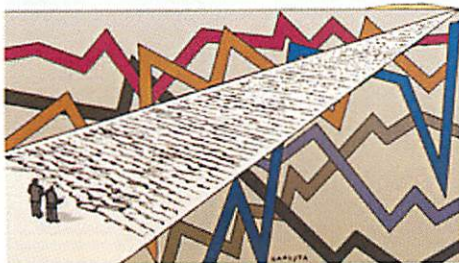
By THOMAS COYLE

Write it down.

That's the message increasing numbers of investors and advisers are hearing. And when they actually follow through, they reap the rewards.

For all kinds of investors, creating a written investment-policy statement—and sticking to it—can be a good way to produce steadier returns in volatile times. It instills discipline. It can clarify strategies. For investors with advisers, it can define what both parties expect from the relationship right from the start.

Professionals who advise pension plans, foundations and other institutional accounts are generally required by law to write up investment-policy statements with their clients. These documents describe how the money is to be managed, and detail things like asset allocation, time horizon, and any restrictions on holdings, based on moral or ideological convictions.



Janusz Kapusta

Advisers for individuals and even self-directed investors are urged to put it in writing, too. Drafting a statement requires thinking about one's portfolio as a whole and planning for the long term. Periodically reviewing the policy can help investors stay the course in challenging markets as well.

"Twenty years ago, if you asked a roomful of advisers how many of them worked with investment-policy statements, only a few hands would go up," says Linda Lubitz Boone of Lubitz Financial Group, a registered investment adviser in Miami that manages about \$140 million. "Ask the same question now, and all but a few hands go up."

### For Volatile Times

That's a good thing, says Ms. Lubitz Boone, who's been sharing her views on investment-policy statements since the late 1980s. Drafting policies gives advisers a better sense of what the clients expect in terms of volatility and returns, she says, and helps educate investors on realistic outcomes and the importance of sticking to a plan.

#### Ask Yourself...

Here are some of the questions Morningstar says investors should use to formulate an investment-policy statement

• What is my target asset allocation?  
• What are the benchmarks for my portfolio?  
• What's my philosophy about risk?

• What's my philosophy about trading?  
• What are the investment selection criteria for my mutual funds?  
• How often will I monitor my portfolio?

• How will I determine how well my individual investments are doing?  
• How will I determine how well my overall portfolio is doing?  
Source: Morningstar

This strikes a chord with Chris Grande of Walnut Hills Advisors, a firm in Medford, Mass., with about \$15 million under management.

"If you have a client who can't handle pain but expects a 12% yearly rate of return, you know you're going to have a conversation," Mr. Grande says. Writing an investment-

policy statement lets the adviser explain right away that if lower volatility is a must, the client may have to agree to accept lower returns than if he or she invested in equities. "The client signs off on it, and you review it together once a year at least," Mr. Grande says.

Reviewing the statement is crucial, especially in periods with big market swings, says Douglas Lyons of Trident Wealth Advisors in Bay Head, N.J., a registered investment adviser that manages about \$10 million. "Investors are their own worst enemies," Mr. Lyons says. "Advisers can use investment-policy statements to keep clients on track in times of volatility."

When markets get choppy, reviewing the policy statement can remind investors that trying to time markets is a sucker's game, and that over time—periodic rebalancing aside—investors are better off leaving their portfolios alone. In the 20 years through 2011, the Standard & Poor's 500-stock index returned a yearly average of 7.8%, but the average investor gleaned a yearly average of just 3.5%, according to Boston-based investment-research firm Dalbar Inc. Bond investors did even worse against the Barclays Capital Aggregate Bond Index, Dalbar says.

"An investment-policy statement forces the client to lay out a game plan, maybe for a comfortable retirement," says Mr. Lyons. "In reviewing it, you're asking if it's worth putting that plan in danger because of what's in the headlines."

### *'Ulysses Contracts'*

Behavioral-finance expert Shlomo Benartzi thinks advisers should go one step further and ask their clients to sign "Ulysses contracts," as he calls them: promises not to act hastily in volatile markets. Just as Ulysses had his crew tie him down so he could resist the Sirens' deadly song, Prof. Benartzi, co-chair of the Behavioral Decision-Making Group at UCLA's Anderson School of Management, would have investors promise not to overreact to sharp market moves in either direction.

Policy statements can also be handy when investors can no longer handle their own affairs.

Sandra Adams is a lead financial planner with the Center for Financial Planning in Southfield, Mich., a firm with more than \$700 million under management. In the four or five years since that firm's advisers started using investment-policy statements, she and her colleagues have noticed that it can help the children of clients who have become incapacitated understand that their parents' assets are being managed with their best long-term interests in mind.

Many times, the children have had no previous contact with the firm, Ms. Adams says, so seeing the statement "can bring families up to speed on how we're working for their parents in a way that creates a lot of trust."

### *For Self-Starters*

For self-directed investors, statements have benefits as well. "It gives you the sense, 'I have a plan, I have a goal,'" Mr. Grande says. "That's something all investors need, whether you're working with an adviser or not."

[Morningstar](#) Inc. has a two-page [template](#) for an investment-policy statement on its website, including questions on investment objectives and philosophy, investment selection criteria and monitoring procedures. On [Morningstar.com](#), search for an article titled "[Making Your Investment Policy Statement](#)," which has a link to the template and offers guidance on completing it.

Another resource for creating a statement is [Bogleheads.org](#), an investing community that takes its cues from Vanguard Group founder Jack Bogle. (Go to [bogleheads.org/wiki/Investment\\_Policy\\_Statement](#).)

Investors should review their statements at least once a year. Births, deaths, divorces and other life-changing events should trigger reviews, too.

"In other words, keep it up-to-date," says Ms. Lubitz Boone.

Mr. Coyle is a special writer with Dow Jones Newswires. Email him at [thomas.coyle@dowjones.com](mailto:thomas.coyle@dowjones.com).

Copyright 2012 Dow Jones & Company, Inc. All Rights Reserved  
This copy is for your personal, non-commercial use only. Distribution and use of this material are governed by our Subscriber Agreement and by copyright law. For non-personal use or to order multiple copies, please contact Dow Jones Reprints at 1-800-843-0008 or visit [www.djreprints.com](http://www.djreprints.com)